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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/550,149	09/21/2005	Yusuke Fukumoto	043888-0400 7334	
MCDERMOTT WILL & EMERY LLP 600 13TH STREET, NW			EXAMINER	
			MARTIN, ANGELA J	
WASHINGTON, DC 20005-3096			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1745	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
055	10/550,149	FUKUMOTO ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Angela J. Martin	1745			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	•	•			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>21 S</u> 2a)□ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This     3)□ Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.				
Disposition of Claims					
4)  Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray  5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6)  Claim(s) 1-8 is/are rejected.  7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	<u>.</u>				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/23/07;9/21/05</li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite			

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ikuta et al., U.S. Pat. Application Pub. 2007/0072083 or Kubota et al., U.S. Pat. No. 5,654,114, in view of Yasui et al., JP 2001-179151.

Rejection of claims 1-8 drawn to a method for producing lithium ion secondary batteries.

Ikuta et al., teach a method for producing lithium ion secondary batteries, comprising the steps of: (A) preparing an electrode sheet with lead-forming parts, (B) intermittently forming porous insulating layers comprising an inorganic oxide filler and a binder on a surface of said electrode sheet excluding said lead-forming parts, (C) connecting a lead to each of said lead-forming parts, and (D) fabricating batteries by using the electrode sheet to which said leads are connected, wherein said step B comprises: the step of applying a slurry comprising the inorganic oxide filler and the binder (0009; 0013-0016; 0057-0064), employing a gravure roll (0093-0094).

Kubota et al., teach a method for producing lithium ion secondary batteries, comprising the steps of: (A) preparing an electrode sheet with lead-forming parts, (B)

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intermittently forming porous insulating layers comprising an inorganic oxide filler and a binder on a surface of said electrode sheet excluding said lead-forming parts, (C) connecting a lead to each of said lead-forming parts, and (D) fabricating batteries by using the electrode sheet to which said leads are connected, wherein said step B comprises: the step of applying a slurry comprising the inorganic oxide filler and the binder (col. 3, lines 5-21), employing a gravure roll (col. 11, lines 44-49; col. 13, lines 65-67 and col. 14, lines 1-40).

Yasui et al., teach a method, comprising the steps of: (A) preparing a sheet with lead-forming parts, (B) intermittently forming porous insulating layers on a surface of said sheet excluding said lead-forming parts, (C) connecting a lead to each of said leadforming parts, wherein said step B comprises: the step of applying a slurry to the outer surface of a gravure roll, and transferring the slurry applied to the outer surface of said gravure roll on a surface of said sheet that is being transported by a plurality of guide rolls excluding said lead-forming parts; and the step of moving at least one selected from said gravure roll and said guide rolls to make said sheet away from said gravure roll in said lead-forming part (0036-0040). The method in accordance with claim 1. wherein said step A comprises the step of applying a paste comprising an electrode material mixture to the outer surface of a gravure roll, and transferring the paste applied to the outer surface of said gravure roll on a surface of an electrode core member that is being transported by a plurality of guide rolls 0022-0024). The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein at least a part of the outer surface of said gravure roll is covered with ceramic (0012). The method in accordance with claim 2, wherein at least a part of

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the outer surface of said gravure roll is covered with ceramic (0012). The method in accordance with claim 1, wherein in said step B a part of the slurry applied to the outer surface of said gravure roll is scraped off by a blade without being transferred to the surface of said electrode sheet (0012; 0017). The method in accordance with claim 2, wherein in said step A a part of the paste applied to the outer surface of said gravure roll is scraped off by a blade without being transferred to the surface of said electrode core member. (0012; 0017). The method f in accordance with claim 1, wherein the traveling direction of the outer surface of said gravure roll is opposite to the traveling direction of said electrode sheet (0038). The method for wherein the traveling direction of the outer surface of said gravure roll is opposite to the traveling direction of the outer surface of said gravure roll is opposite to the traveling direction of the outer surface of said gravure roll is opposite to the traveling direction of said electrode core member (0038).

Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to insert the teachings of Yasui et al., into the teachings of Ikuta et al., or Kubota et al., because while Ikuta and Kubota teach a method of making the battery in which gravure coating may be employed, Yasui teaches a gravure coating method "capable of remarkable and precisely applying a coating agent all over to surely obtain uniform thickness on ever kind of thin base materials."

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Angela J. Martin whose telephone number is 571-272-1288. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:00 am to 5:00 pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Patrick Ryan can be reached on 571-272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

AJM